

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/993,868	11/05/2001	Gerald William O'Grady	4148P030C	8298
7590 09/26/2005			EXAMINER	
Andre L. Marais			LEE, PING	
BLAKELY, SO	OKOLOFF, TAYLOR &	z ZAFMAN LLP		
Seventh Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
12400 Wilshire Boulevard			2644	
Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			DATE MAILED: 09/26/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/993,868	O'GRADY ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Ping Lee	2644	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports.	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
WHI(- Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICATION OF THE MAILING DISTRICT OF THE MAILIN	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE!	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
	<i>,</i>	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicat i	Claim(s) 1-72 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-72 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	wn from consideration. or election requirement. er.	Examiner.	
11)□	Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 11/5/01, 3/20/02.	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	(PTO-413) te atent Application (PTO-152)	

Art Unit: 2644

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of Group I in the reply filed on 7/21/05 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

2. Applicant elected Group I. However, the election requirement is based on two distinct species corresponding to Fig. 1 and 2 respectively. For examination purpose, all the claims that read on Fig. 1 will be examined. All other claims, including amended claims and/or additional claims after this office action, will be withdrawn from further consideration.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 18 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 18, the phrase "the parameter read commands" lack antecedent basis.

Regarding claim 53, the phrase "the control interface" lacks clear antecedent basis.

Page 2

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 1-6, 8, 10-33, 35 and 72 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lee (US006526287B1).

Regarding claims 1-3 and 72, Lee discloses an integrated accessory (battery pack) for a host device (cellular phone), the accessory including: a media decoder (172) operationally to decode an encoded media file (from 16); a battery (11) coupled to the media decoder (172) operationally to provide power to the media decoder (172); and a connector (13) electrically and removably to couple the accessory to a host device (col. 2 lines 49-50), wherein the battery is coupled to the connector (13) to allow the battery operationally to provide power to the host device (col. 2, lines 46-48).

Regarding claim 4, Lee shows the housing (10) in Fig. 1.

Regarding claims 5 and 6, Lee shows a mobile telephone.

Regarding claim 8, Lee shows that the connector provides a control interface (171) whereby data communications are operationally facilitated between the media decoder and the host device.

Regarding claims 10-16, Lee shows that the data communications include

commands provided from the host device to the media decoder and wherein the commands include control commands to control operation of the media decoder (col. 3, lines 11-13).

Regarding claims 17-23, Lee shows that the commands include parameter read commands to read parameters of the media decoder (col. 3, line 57+).

Regarding claims 24 and 35, although not explicitly shown, an interface is inherently provided.

Regarding claim 25, although not explicitly shown the DAC is inherently included in the host device (122 in Fig. 4) in order to convert the digital signal (PCM data from MP3 player) to the analog signal for the speaker (132).

Regarding claims 26 and 27, Lee shows the DAC (col. 2, lines 63-64) and the output jack (14).

Regarding claims 28-30, 32 and 33, Lee shows the memory (16).

Regarding claim 31, although not explicitly shown, at least one decompression algorithm is inherently stored in the memory in order to allow the MP3 player to decode the compressed audio file.

Claims 39-43, 45-60, 62-64, 66-68 and 70 have limitations which read on the limitations in the apparatus claims as discussed in claims 1-6, 8, 10-33 and 35 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Art Unit: 2644

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claims 7, 44 and 65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee in view of Chiang (US005864766A).

Regarding claims 7, 44 and 65, Lee fails to show the power converter. Lee teaches a general power supply to provide appropriate power for the memory, the codec, the controller, the CPU and the host device. Since all elements are not being powered by the same voltage, one skilled in the art would have expected that the battery in Lee inherently has a converter to provide different power levels for different elements mentioned above. Nevertheless, Chiang teaches an example of how to convert the power from the battery to the proper (Fig. 2) (col. 2, lines 38-40). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Lee in view of Chiang by using a power converter in order to power the electrical elements with proper levels.

9. Claims 9, 36, 61 and 71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee.

Regarding claims 9, 36 and 71, Lee fails to show I²C interface and USB interface. Lee teaches a general concept of incorporating MP3 player with a battery pack for a cellular phone. However, one skilled in the art would have expected that any specific interface, including I²C interface and USB interface, could be used for providing communication without generating any unexpected result. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Lee by using I²C interface and USB

Art Unit: 2644

interface for providing communication between cellular phone and the MP3 player because it was considered as a matter of design choice.

Regarding claim 61, Lee fails to explicitly show the program code. Lee teaches a MP3 player which stores and plays audio files. The MP3 player could be used as a stand-alone unit without the cellular phone. One skilled in the art would have expected that the MP3 player has its own operating code to automatically perform the functions for the MP3 player when the MP3 player is switched on. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate operating code for the MP3 player.

10. Claims 34 and 69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee in view of Miyashita (US006244894B1).

Regarding claims 34 and 69, Lee fails to show a removable memory card. In the same field of endeavor, Miyashita teaches a battery pack with a slot allowing a removable memory card (30 or 40) to provide extra memory capacity or operational function. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Lee by incorporating the capability of accepting a memory card as taught in Miyashita in order to further expand the stored audio files and operational functions.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ping Lee whose telephone number is 571-272-7522. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday and Friday.

Art Unit: 2644

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian C. Chin can be reached on 571-272-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Primary Examiner

Page 7

pwl